

# Alaska Department of Natural Resources

Division of Support Services Land Records Information Section October 1999

## The DNR Status Plat

The Department of Natural Resources is the land manager for the state's entitlement of 106 million acres of land. The Alaska Land Act under Alaska Statute 38.05.035(a)(9) requires the director of the division of lands to maintain such records, as the commissioner considers necessary. The DNR public land record consists of three main components: the original case file, the Land Administration System (LAS) and the graphic record, called the status plat.

Status plats originated shortly after statehood in 1959 and were manually drafted on mylar. In 1985, a new automated drafting system produced the first automated plats. Since 1994, the department has been converting the manual mylar records and early automated records to a digital geographic information system (GIS) format using Arc/Info software. This digital data base of state land status is being integrated with other resource data for broader applications within the department, other agencies and the private sector involved with resource management issues. Over 7,700 townships are currently mapped by DNR.

The status plats are an index by township to the public land record and the department's case files. The plats give a composite view of the activity on state-owned land and provide detailed information on property issues affecting state land and resources. Lines, labels, symbols and notes are used to direct resource managers and the public to pertinent documents depicted on the record. In addition to incoming title and surface and subsurface actions, the plats depict information such as surveys, hydrography, roads,

classifications and boundaries. The remarks column contains additional important information concerning the township, surveys and actions that cannot be graphically depicted. The status plat is only one source of the DNR public record; readers are instructed to consult the Land Administration System (LAS) or the original source documents for additional information.

Requests to update the status plats are received electronically on a daily basis. The information is stored on the Status Plat Tracking System on LAS. The particular screen in LAS is called NP35, which displays the main menu for the Status Plat Tracking System. The NP45 screen displays a detailed menu of various display screens for information in the Status Plat Tracking System. Each display screen is referenced by a code 'NP\_\_'. The update requests, called "pending actions," are listed by township (NP62) or by file number (NP63). It is very important to check the Status Plat Tracking System to view the pending plat update requests. More detailed information about the pending actions may be seen on NP32. The Status Plat Inventory (NP42 and NP43) lists all existing plats and supplements, the type of plat (automated or manual) and the current date of each plat.

State status plats do not show all ownership records. They only cover activity related to the state's interest. Federal plats, called master title plats (MTP's), illustrate federal title information including federal surveys, land conveyances, withdrawals, rights-of-way, national interest lands and other reservations. Boroughs and many municipalities also maintain platting systems to track and manage property within their jurisdiction. The State Recorder's Office provides and maintains a place of record for legal documents affecting real property.

Status plats may be viewed on the Internet at http://www.dnr.state.ak.us/landrecords or at DNR Public Information Centers in Anchorage and Fairbanks and, for the southeast area only, at the Juneau Information Office.

#### **DNR Public Information Offices**

*Main Office:* 

Department of Natural Resources Public Information Center 550 W. 7<sup>th</sup> Avenue Suite 1250 Anchorage, AK 99501-3557

Phone: 907-269-8400 Fax: 907-269-8901 TDD: 907-269-8411 In Fairbanks:

Department of Natural Resources Public Information Center

3700 Airport Way

Fairbanks, AK 99709-4699

Phone: 907-451-2705 Fax: 907-451-2751

#### **Understanding the Information Depicted on a Status Plat**

The status plat is organized into two main parts: the main geographic area and the collar, which is the area surrounding the geographic area. The collar includes information about the status plat such as: the map title, township (section, \_ section or sheet), range and meridian; a legend; the scale; the estate being depicted; and a remarks column providing additional information on the township and certain actions. Information in the remarks column and the geographic area are indexed to LAS by file type and number.

The sample township plat (included at end of document with this explanation sheet has been prepared to show most of the types of lines and symbols used and the categories of actions often depicted on status plats. This plat is for illustration purposes only and is not portraying actual land status. The file numbers will not correlate with LAS records. The text below will explain the parts of the plat as well as the labels and lines shown in various sections of the plat.

#### The Collar:

#### Map Title

The main title of the plat is at the top of the plat and in the lower right corner. It gives the section supplemental, Township, Range and Meridian information. The plat scale is either the entire township, a section supplemental, or a 1/4 section supplemental.

The lower right corner is called the **Title Block**. It gives the Township, Range and Meridian and section supplemental information. The title block also gives the "current to" date of the plat and the initials of the person checking the plat. All pending actions received by the date shown are reflected on the status plat (unless they are on hold). Pending actions for the township after that date are listed on LAS in the Status Plat Tracking System (NP62).

#### The Plat Estates

The **Status Plat** includes information on all estates - the **land estate**, the **mineral estate** and the **water estate**. When the information becomes too congested or unclear on the status plat, estates are used. Some townships may have a status plat on the main township, but some supplementals are shown in the estate system. A land estate and mineral estate may be used without a water estate. A note at the end of the remarks column lists section supplementals without water estates, see "**ATTENTION WATER ESTATE USERS**".

#### **Remarks Column**

The remarks column is on the right side of the plat and includes two main sections: **Based On** and **Other Actions Affecting Disposal or Use of State Lands**. All information in the remarks column pertains to activity within the entire township. The remarks column for a supplemental plat will be identical to the main township plat.

The note at the top of the remarks column discusses state ownership of tide and submerged lands. State ownership of an entire township is often shown with the title line from a federal grant around the entire township, including all the land and water, even though the tide and submerged lands were obtained under the Submerged Lands Act.

#### **Based On**

The **Based On** portion of the status plat includes Coordinate values, Hydrography source and the Land Net information.

The **Coordinate** location information is given for the SE corner of the township. The X and Y values for Alaska State Plane Zone 5 are given, as well as the latitude and longitude values. When viewing a supplemental plat, remember that the values are for the SE corner of the <u>township</u> and not the supplemental. The lat/long values of the southeast corner for each section are stored in LAS (N133).

The source for the **Hydrography**, in most cases, is either the USGS standard quadrangle map at 1:63,360 scale or a photo-revised version of the USGS quad. Occasionally plats use other sources for hydrography.

Land Net refers to the survey information that is displayed in the entire township. The protraction diagram is used for obtaining acreage for non-standard size sections and obtaining the latitude and longitude for the township. The protraction diagrams from BLM or DNR (called ADL) are used. If both exist for a given township, the ADL protraction diagram is used. On this example plat, the acreages shown in sections 6, 7, 19, 30 and 31 are the protracted acreages from the ADL Protraction Diagram S17-12.

This plat shows three Unites States Rectangular Surveys (USRS). The USRS's are listed here along with all the other Federal and State surveys that are shown on the plat to depict state interest. The surveys are listed in the following order:

USRS	United States Rectangular Survey
USS	United States Special Survey
USMS	United States Mineral Survey
ASCS	Alaska State Cadastral Survey
EPF	Engineering Plat File
ASLS	Alaska State Land Survey
ATS	Alaska Tideland Survey
EV	Easement Vacation

#### Other Actions Affecting Disposal or Use of State Lands ...

This section refers the plat reader to the Land Administration System (LAS) and original documents for additional information. Most information listed in this section is organized by file type and number. The numbering system used on the plat's geographic area and in the remarks column are also used in LAS.

Additional information about the township and case files are listed, starting with information that affects the entire township, such as Borough, Recording District and area plan. This example plat has three title notes. The notes list the patent number and survey with the accepted date. Any exclusions or restrictions that cannot be graphically depicted are included in these title notes. Other notes give additional information that cannot be displayed for particular cases.

**Attention: Mental Health Land Information** explains which lands are designated as Mental Health Trust Land and which lands are redesignated as General Grant land.

**Attention Status Plat Users** advises readers that all status lines close on all ARC/INFO townships. The ARC software does not currently allow lines to exit the township.

#### Scale

The main township scale is 40 chains to the inch, a chain is equivalent to 66 feet. Chains can be measured directly from the status plat by using a civil engineer's scale. In terms of inches, 1 inch equals 1/2 mile or 2,640'. Section supplementals are 1 inch to 400 feet and 1/4 section supplementals are 1 inch to 200 feet.

#### Vicinity Map

The vicinity map in the lower left corner of each status plat includes a grid showing the positions of sections within the township and the location of the township within Alaska. For supplemental plats, the particular section is highlighted.

#### Legend

The maps legend is located on the left side. The legend includes **Base Information** and **Status Information**. Each plat has one of several versions of a legend. Status Plats show the entire legend as in the example above. On a Water Estate plat, only base information and the water symbols are shown in the legend. In contrast, on a Land Estate plat, the water symbols are not displayed.

#### The Geographic Area - Explanation by Section:

The purpose of this section is to provide some specific examples of land activity that might exists within a township. Refer to the last page of the document for status plat example. For additional information on understanding and reading the status plat, refer to the Help Documents section located at: http://www.dnr.state.ak.us/landrecords

#### **Basic Guidelines for Reading A Status Plat**

Status lines encompassing an area or region are offset from their true geographic location in an established order of hierarchy. Status lines (mostly easements) that depict a linear action are placed in their true geographic location. Title, classification and restriction lines close on ALL plats, and all actions defined by and area or region close on the township border.

Survey lines are shown in the correct geographic location. Annotation labels for surveyed information typically contains the type, file number and acreage of the surveyed area. Surveyed annotation is not leadered unless the annotation is placed outside the surveyed area or unless the survey is a linear action.

Annotation labels (excluding title and mining claim actions) for status information are generally set up as four line labels, although all lines may not be used for specific case types. In most cases the first line is defined by the casetype/subtype and is typically referred to as the originating action. The second line defines the file type, e.g. GS, CL, ADL, LAS. The third line defines the file number assigned to the specific case file or action. The fourth line is referred to as the current status of the action. The information depicted in the fourth line, shows the various stages the action may pass through, e.g. application issued or patent.

Status annotation is typically placed within the area defined and is not leadered unless the action needs to be leadered for clarity. All linear actions are leadered.

#### **Section 1**

The power line easement, labeled as ADL 222288, has a total width of 100 feet and shows an issued status in the fourth line of the label. Linear features, such as easements, are shown in their correct geographic location and are leadered from the line to the label. At the application stage, a dashed line is used for all easements. When the easement is issued, the appropriate line symbol is used for power lines, telephone lines or pipelines. Roads are depicted with a dashed line until a an approved state survey is provided and the survey would be noted to the graphic reccord.

The boundary around section 1 is a long dashed line that indicates the section is protracted, not surveyed. The section location is based on a protraction diagram. The first entry under Land Net in the remarks column lists the protraction diagram that was used for this township.

#### **Section 2**

The dashed circle is used to indicate an undefined area or an area too small to depict geographically at the plat's scale. The issued Interagency Land Management Assignment (ILMA) is shown as a small area just east of the river. Small circles with various line types are used to depict any actions that are too small to depict at the current scale.

Water bodies are shaded with a cross-hatched pattern. See the legend for the symbols used for other base information.

#### Section 3

The shaded area south of Larva River is Mental Health Trust Land. Please see the remarks column note ATTENTION: MENTAL HEALTH LAND INFORMATION.

#### **Section 4**

The state game refuge is located north of the left bank of Larva River in sections 1-6 and 8-12. File type, AS, is the abbreviation for Alaska Statute and 16.20.042 is the number of the statute that established the game refuge. The third and, sometimes, the fourth line of the label describe the type of legislative designation. A restriction line is used for all legislatively designated areas. See note in remarks column.

#### **Section 5**

The X marks the location of a known trespass on state land.

#### **Section 6**

General Grant title is a general purposes land grant which entitled the state to receive 102,550,000 acres under the Alaska Statehood Act passed on 7/7/58. The title label, GS 2222, pointing to the heavy solid line, indicates land in sections 6, 7 and 18, excluding the Larva River, has been acquired under General Selection number 2222. The third and fourth lines of the label indicate that all land and mineral rights have been conveyed to the State by patent 50-77-0007.

Sections 6,7 and 18 have been surveyed, as shown by a solid survey line around the exterior boundary of the sections and by dotted survey lot lines along the western boundary. The United State Rectangular Survey (USRS) is listed in the remarks column with the number of acres and the accepted date. The survey was necessary before the land could be patented to the State.

The acreage within brackets (626) in section 6 is the protracted acreage for the section. The protracted acreage is shown only for sections that are not surveyed and are less than or greater than 640 acres, such as the north and west tier sections. When a section is entirely surveyed, the protracted acreage is not shown (see section 18). In sections 6 and 7, the water area is not surveyed, but the water acreage may be estimated by subtracting the lotted acres from the protracted section acres:

[626 - (36.36 + 36.48 + 44.77 + 23.55 + 441.02 + 9.77) = approx. 34 acres of water].

#### **Section 8**

The United States survey, USS 1984, is excluded from the Mental Health Trust Land due to an earlier preference right sale under ADL 54453, conveyed by State Patent 12211.

#### Section 10

ADL 226644 shows a 20 ft wide easement application going from the Larva River to an unnamed lake.

MH 777 is a title label showing that the land and mineral estate to the inside of the arrowhead was tentatively approved by BLM to the state under an original Mental Health Land Grant.

#### Section 11

A potential hazard is indicated by the use of a restriction line type. A description of the hazard is in the fourth line of the label.

#### **Section 12**

NFCG 344 shows the State has received tentative approval for the land and mineral rights under a National Forest Community Grant. Tentative approval gives the state management authority before the land is surveyed and patent is issued.

The small island in the SE corner is state land (NFCG 344) that is classified under CL SC-93-001. The title and classification labels are leadered without arrowheads, and the status lines within the island are suppressed. The arrowheads and status lines are omitted so that the island, with title and classification, can be shown at the main township scale instead of creating a section supplemental.

An issued timber sale is shown north of the Larva River, and an agricultural sale application is south of the Larva River. Leaders to the disposal lines are not shown in these areas since only one action is located within the area defined by the disposal line.

The label KPAP 12 is a classification from the Kenai Peninsula Area Plan, Unit 12 (this plan is currently in draft). The second and third lines in the label are the file type (CL) and number(SC-93-001). The fourth line of the label shows the best primary uses of the land as agricultural and settlement.

All state classifications allow multiple-use. The regulations allow up to 3 classifications for any parcel where dominance of a particular use cannot be determined.

The section number has been omitted for clarity. Refer to the vicinity map in the lower left corner of the status plat.

#### **Section 13**

Activity within Joe Cove includes an Alaska Tideland Survey, ATS 99, with a tideland permit application under ADL 717712. The issued shore fishery lease, ADL 65445, shows the set net location, not the entire area under lease.

#### Section 14

An Alaska Cadastral Survey is shown in Section 14 with 4 lots and their acreages. The section line is a solid survey line with dotted lot lines. Sections that are not surveyed are shown with a long dashed line. The note column gives the total acres and the recorded date of the survey.

#### **Section 15**

Four open-to-entry parcels are shown within ASLS 740047. Lots 3 and 4 have been patented. Note the solid survey line around the exterior boundaries of the survey and the dotted survey lot lines.

#### **Section 16**

If sections 16 and 36 were surveyed on or before statehood (1/3/59), the land was conveyed to the state for the support of common schools. This conveyance is under patent 1222457.

The classification, CL 717, classified land Resource Management. It is an older classification in an area not covered by an area plan. The top line of the label, which gives the plan acronym, is therefore omitted. The classification and mineral closing order, MCO 204, share the same line type, so only one classification line is shown and both labels are leadered to the same line.

#### Section 17

USS 1984 was classified Settlement under CL 696 to allow for the preference right sale. See the note in the remarks column for MH 777 which indicates that federal mining claims in section 17 are excluded from the state's tentative approval, the state did not receive all the mineral interest in section 17.

#### **Section 18**

See section 6 for description of GS 2222.

The protracted acreage is not shown in section 18 because the section is entirely surveyed. Aliquot parts describe the portion not lotted. The remaining portion is lotted because the west tier sections are adjusted for the curvature of the earth, resulting in sections less than 640 acres.

#### Section 20

The United States Mineral Survey, USMS 4444, was obtained under foreclosure, FCL 377, due to the failure of property owners to file a statement of real property ownership according to the Alaska Land Registration Law of 1953. Subsequently, the owner or heirs obtained a QCD under state law allowing repurchase of foreclosures.

#### Section 21

A section supplemental has been created for this section to provide clear graphic depiction of actions that cannot easily be shown at the township scale. The hydrography is shown along with the disposal lines to provide continuity, but the labels are all on the section supplemental.

#### **Section 22**

MH 777 - see section 10.

The easement vacation, EV 2-333, within ADL 55547 vacates the section line easement within this survey. The leader points to the area of the easement vacation. Refer to the easement vacation survey for details.

Mineral Closing Order, MCO 317, closes portions of sections 10,15, 22 and 27 to mineral entry.

CL 808 classified the land for open-to-entry land disposals.

#### **Section 23**

LSH 116 shows the state has Limited State Holding (LSH) title with a management right under ADL 84862. LSH's convey certain rights or privileges to the state without a transfer of title. They often involve airports, schools, trails or Alaska Department of Fish and Game sites. This case represents an ADF&G site with management rights transferred to the agency.

#### Section 24

The Navigational Aid and Water Right point data have labels that are close to the symbols, but generally, leaders are not used to connect the label to a symbol. The legend describes the symbols. The water symbols indicate the type and status of the water right, such as an issued certificate for a sub-surface water right (well) in this example, therefore the 4<sup>th</sup> line of the label is omitted.

Mineral Closing Order, MCO 343, is shown at the mouth of the Utility River. See the note in the remarks column.

#### **Section 25**

The OSL title (Other State Land) shows land acquired by the state under a variety of authorities that is not chargeable to the state entitlement quotas. Title to airports is often acquired in this manner by the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities and a management right is issued to the agency.

#### Section 26

Power Project 2743 is a federal action that affects state interest in sections 23, 26, 27 and 34. Federal actions are generally not shown on status plats unless they affect state interest. In this case, title in sections 27 and 34 correspond to the boundaries of the power project.

#### Section 27

ME 5 indicates the State received tentative approval for oil and gas rights only. The state did not receive title to the land estate in this area.

#### **Section 28**

The legend and label indicate that ADL 99901 is for an issued Trapping Cabin permit. Like water rights, the label is generally not leadered to the symbol unless necessary to clarify.

ADL 200412 reflects a settlement agreement with the Cook Inlet Region, Inc. (CIRI) in which the state conveyed land back to the Bureau of Land Management via Deed of Title (DOT) documents. BLM then conveyed the land to CIRI. The number following "DOT" in the label refers to the federal case file number. The Deed of Title conveyances may be viewed on LAS by entering DOT (file type) and the number as shown in the fourth line of the label (AA024201).

#### Section 29

Mining claim labels omit the file type, ADL, in their labels. This is done so that the mining claim label can fit entirely within the 40 acre claim. Mining claims are usually described by aliquot parts.

GS 2222, tentative approval for a General Selection, shows that the state acquired the land and mineral estate in sections 19, 20, 28 - 32 excluding US MINERAL SURVEY 4444 within sections 19, 20, 29 and 30.

#### Section 30

The Mineral Opening Order (MOO) 207 indicates the land was previously closed to mineral entry. Land not shown with a Mineral Closing Order is considered to be open to mineral entry.

The symbol next to the water right under ADL 223344 represents a dam permit (this could also be a weir or barrier). Refer to LAS for more information.

#### Section 31

Special Use Land, SUL, identifies area with special resource values. They are shown with a restriction line indicating a permit may be necessary in the area for activities that would otherwise be "Generally Allowed." Refer to LAS for restrictions.

#### **Section 32**

See section 29 for description of GS 2222.

#### Section 33

The territory of Alaska was entitled to select 100,000 acres of public lands for the exclusive use and benefit of the Agricultural College and School of Mines, now known as the University of Alaska. This section is University land (UNV 223) under tentative approval.

The reservation of water symbol in this section indicates the downstream extent of an instream flow. Water upstream of this symbol is subject to this reservation of water.

ADL 667543 shows an issued oil and gas lease within sections 27, 33 and 34.

CL 717 covers the same area as ADL 667543, classifying the land for Oil and Gas and Wildlife Habitat purposes.

#### **Section 34**

MH 777 indicates a portion of section 34 was acquired under a Mental Health Grant. The area is classified for Utility purposes under Classification Order 808.

#### Section 35

Municipal entitlement conveyances have a distinctive line type that looks like barbed wire. The municipal selection under ADL 88888 has been approved and includes portions of sections 27 and 34 and all of sections 35 and 36. The "approved" status gives the municipality management authority prior to patent.

#### **Section 36**

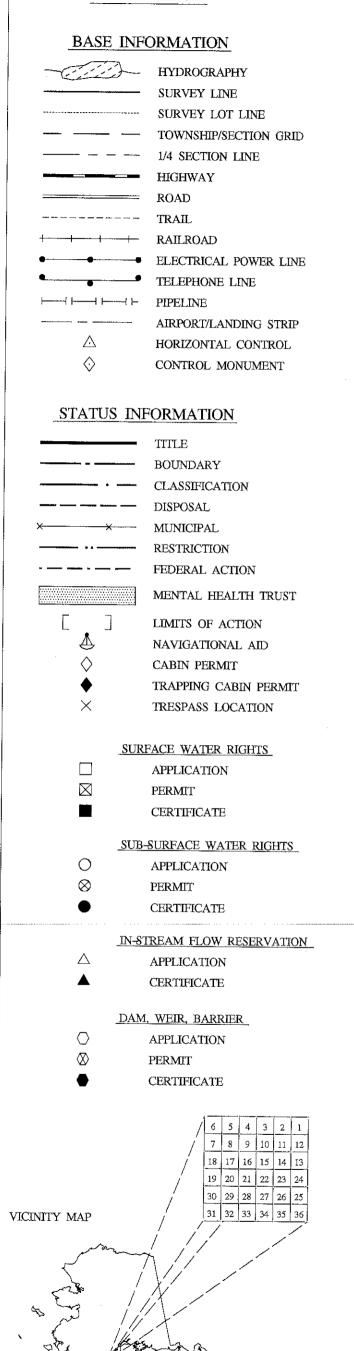
Sections 35 and 36 were acquired under Community Grant title, patent 50-95-0023. This conveyance is for both the land and mineral estate.

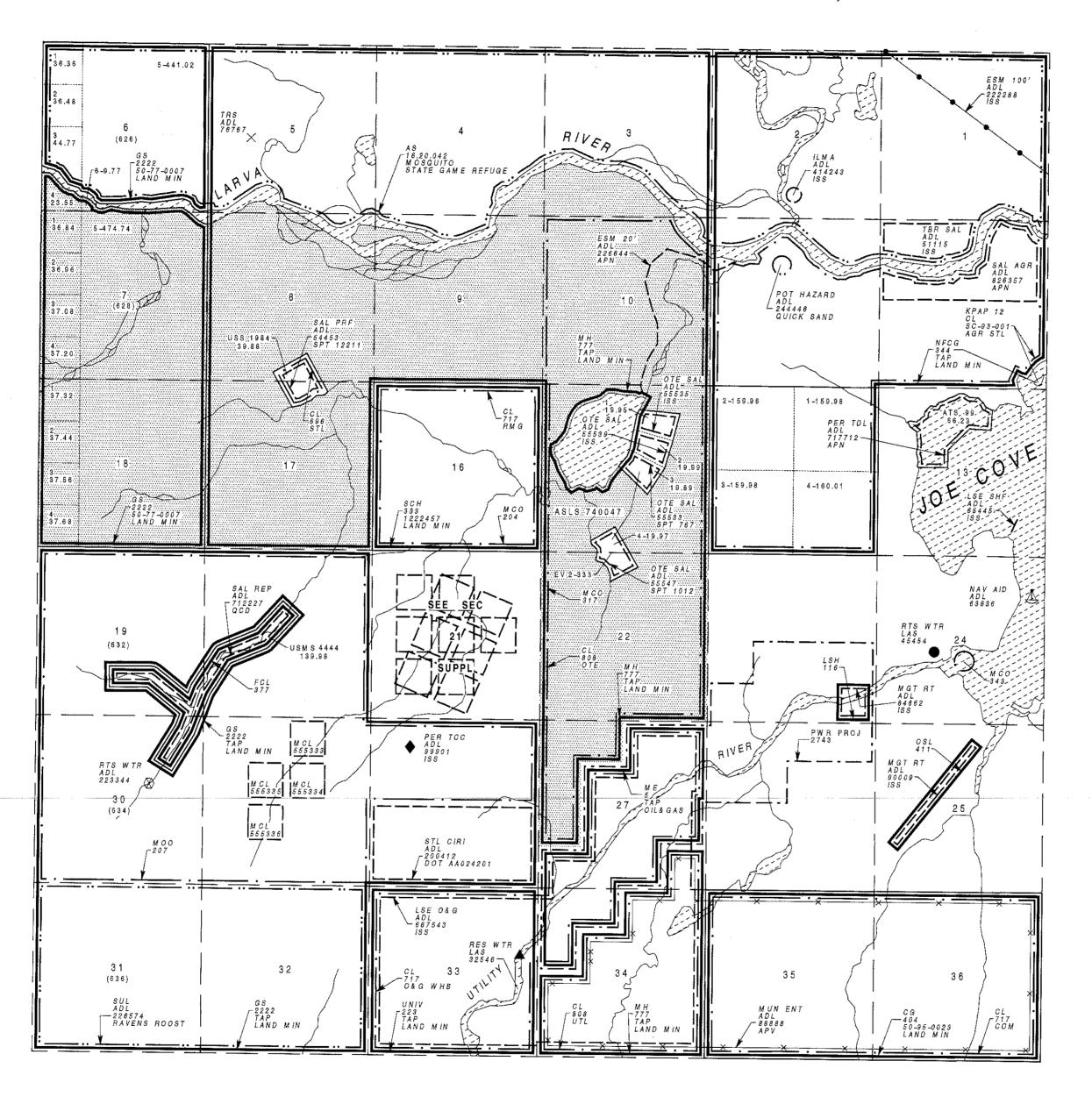
Sections 35 and 36 are classified Commercial which allowed the municipal conveyance.

For more information on understanding and reading the status plat, refer to Introduction to the Graphic Record and How to Read the Status Plat located under Help Documents at http://www.dnr.state.ak.us/landrecords.

### **LEGEND**

## TOWNSHIP 12S RANGE 30W OF THE SEWARD MERIDIAN, ALASKA





**SCALE** 

1000 2000

5280 FEET

80 CHAINS

1 inch = 2640 feet

STATUS PLAT

GRAPHIC ILLUSTRATION ONLY, SOURCE DOCUMENTS REMAIN THE OFFICIAL RECORD

THE STATE OWNS ALL LAND UNDER WATERS THAT ARE NAVIGABLE—IN-FACT, ARE SUBJECT TO THE EBB AND FLOW OF THE TIDES, OR ARE RIPARIAN OR LITTORIAL TO UPLANDS OWNED BY THE STATE.

BASED ON

COORDINATES: ALASKA STATE PLANE ZONE 5 454586,060 1858277.532 LAT 59 05 12.661 N LONG 154 14 29.259 W

HYDROGRAPHY: USGS ILIAMNA (A4) REVISED BY BLM FROM AERIAL HIGH ALTITUDE PHOTOGRAPHY 1978-1985

ADL PROTRACTION DIAGRAM S17-12; APPROVED 09/29/1967 USRS, SECTIONS 16, 640 ACRES; ACCEPTED 07/22/1955 USRS, SECTIONS 6, 7 AND 18, 1,884.24 ACRES; ACCEPTED USRS, SECTIONS 35 AND 36, 1,280 ACRES; ACCEPTED USKS, SECTIONS 33 AND 30, 1,400 ACKES; ACCESTED 10/07/1994
USS 1984; ACCEPTED 06/28/1959
USMS 4444; ACCEPTED 05/27/1939
ASCS, SECTION 14, 639.93 ACKES; RECORDED 09/01/1993
ASLS 780022; RECORDED 01/04/1979 ATS 99; FILED 08/08/1978 EV 2-333; FILED 02/27/1992

OTHER ACTIONS AFFECTING DISPOSAL OR USE OF STATE LANDS; SEE THE LAS CASEFILE OR ORIGINAL SOURCE DOCUMENTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

ENTIRELY WIN KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH ENTIRELY WIN ILIAMNA RECORDING DISTRICT SUBJECT TO KENAI PENINSULA AREA PLAN GS 2222, PATENT 50-77-0007 PER USRS ACCEPTED 03/17/1976 CG 404, PATENT 50-95-0023 PER USRS ACCEPTED 07/22/1955
MH 777, TENTATIVE APPROVAL; EXCLUDING MINING CLAIM
RECORDATIONS AA 17333, AA 17334 AND AA 17336
THROUGH AA 17341 WHICH APPEAR TO BE LOCATED W/IN SECTION 17
AS 16.20,042, MOSQUITO STATE GAME REFUGE; CLOSED
TO MINERAL ENTRY UNDER AS 38.05.135-275
MCO 343; AFFECTS 40 ACRES SITE AT MOUTH OF
ANADROMOUS FISH STREAM

ATTENTION: MENTAL HEALTH LAND INFORMATION

SHADED AREAS (SEE LEGEND) ARE DESIGNATED MENTAL HEALTH TRUST LAND PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 4 AND 5, CHAPTER 1, SSSLA 1994. CONSULT LAS FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.

ORIGINAL MENTAL HEALTH GRANT LAND (MH) NOT SHADED AS MENTAL HEALTH TRUST LAND IS REDESIGNATED AS GENERAL GRANT LAND PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 6 AND 7, CHAPTER 1. SSSLA 1994. CONSULT LAS FOR FURTHER

ATTENTION STATUS PLAT USERS: ON THIS PLAT, ALL STATUS LINES CLOSE FOR ACTIONS THAT EXTEND INTO ADJACENT TOWNSHIPS; THIS INCLUDES STATUS LINES SUCH AS DISPOSAL, MUNICIPAL, TITLE, CLASSIFICATION, ETC. PLEASE REFER TO ADJACENT TOWNSHIPS OR LAS TO DETERMINE IF ACTIONS EXTEND BEYOND THE BOUNDARIES SHOWN ON THIS PLAT. REMEMBER TITLE, CLASSIFICATION, AND RESTRICTION LINES ALWAYS CLOSE ON ALL PLATS.



A PRODUCT OF THE STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES LAND RECORDS INFORMATION SECTION

TWP 12S

SP

RNG 30W

SM

STATUS PLAT TRACKING SYSTEM (NP45/NP62) FOR OTHER PENDING ACTIONS ON THIS TOWNSHIP/PLAT.

PLAT CURRENT TO 05/14/1997, REFER TO DNR'S CHECKED BY: M

DATE: 17 Apr 98 15:32:55 Friday

VERSION: Arc/Info 7.1.1, (Thu Feb 6 23:26:50 PST 1997)

AN INDEX OF STATUS PLAT ABBREVIATIONS

IS INCLUDED WITH EACH APERTURE CARD

SET OF STATE STATUS PLATS.